

Implementing a Handoff Improvement Program: Critical Steps for Success

Successful Implementation of I-PASS

- What does success look like?
 - Everyone trained in I-PASS
 - Everyone using I-PASS consistently
 - Miscommunications, errors and patient harm reduced
- What does success require?
 - Core training (i.e. basic knowledge)
 - Observation/feedback in workplace to improve performance
 - Measure outcomes to improve and sustain

Intervention: I-PASS Handoff Bundle Components

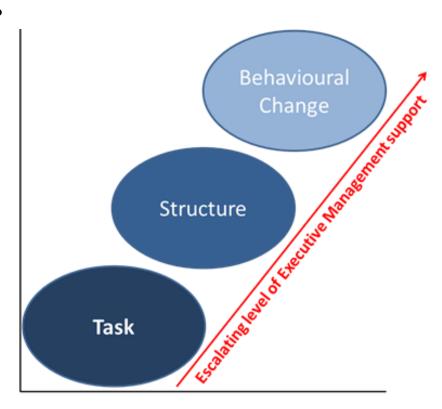


- Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

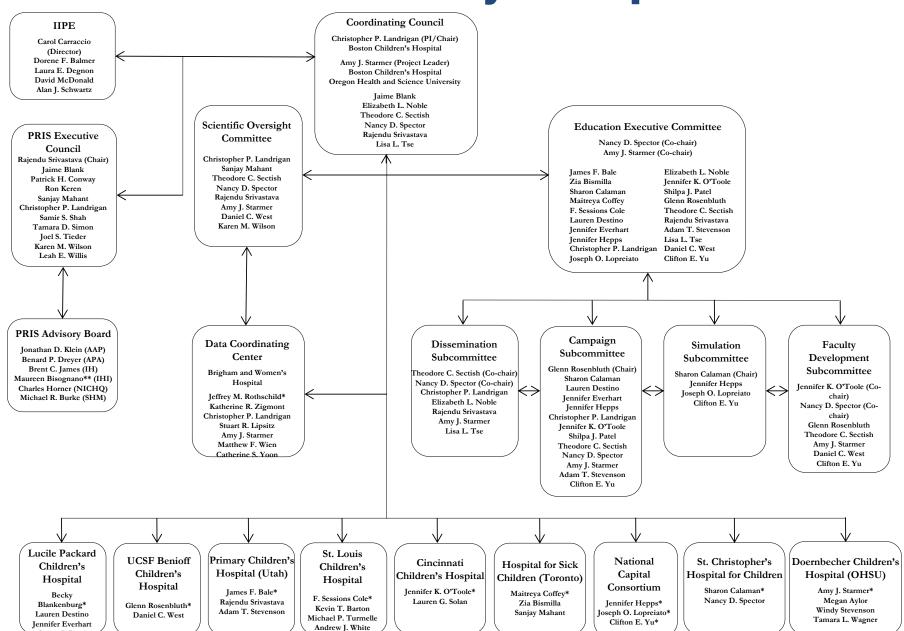
Institutional Support and Team Organization

- Local institutional support = strong
- Ongoing sponsorship and support are critical!
 - Chief medical, safety and/or quality officers
 - Training program directors
 - Division and Department Chairs
- Commitment from Executive Sponsors ensures goals of implementation align with institution's strategic goals
- I-PASS Champions also needed



I-PASS Study Group I-PASS Study Group





Shilpa J. Patel

I-PASS Site Organizational Chart

Advisory Board Key institutional leaders and stakeholders (e.g. CMO, Chief Quality/Safety Officer, CMIO, Residency Program Director, DIO, and other content experts) 1. 2. 3.

CORE I-PASS TEAM

Site Team Leader/s

1- 3 people, depending upon the site 1.

3.

I-PASS Champion Representatives

1 to 2 people, depending upon the site 1.

Front-line Provider Representatives

1-2 people , depending upon the site

Information Technology Representative

Contact from IT that will assist in adapting an institution's EHR-based handoff document

Front-line Providers

I-PASS Champions*

1 or more people, depending upon the site
1.
2.

3. 4. 5. 6.

7. 8. 9.

*Depending upon the site, I-PASS Champions are able to serve on the committees below even if they are not members of the core team.

Data Working Group

Oversees collection and analysis of all data collected for the project including Champion observations of verbal and printed handoffs. (1-2 people, depending upon the site).

MOC Lead

If applicable, may lead MOC efforts through various certifying boards for physicians at an institution

Education Working Group

Individuals responsible for leading the training efforts and coordinating handoff observations at an institution (1-2 people, depending upon the site).

2.

Campaign Working Group

Leads all campaign efforts at an institution (1-2 people, depending upon the site).
1.
2.

Printed Handoff Document Working Group

Individuals will interface with the IT representative above in order to coordinate the revision/adaptation of the printed handoff document at their institution (1-2 people, depending upon the site).

1.
2.

Overcoming Barriers

First line providers

- "We already know how to sign out"
- "We use SBAR!"
- It will increase the length of the handoff
- It may work for doctors, but not for nurses

Senior Providers

- It may work for the residents, but not for us
- It doesn't apply to our setting
- Are there any data that it works?



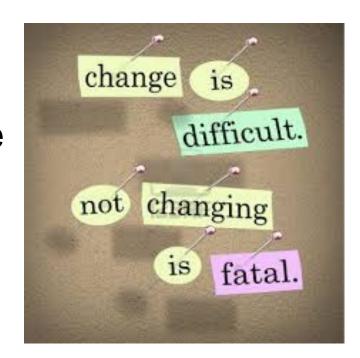
Overcoming Barriers

- Institution or unit
 - IT department will not support this
 - It is disruptive to current workflow
 - Protected time for a handoff is problematic
 - Protected time for training is problematic



Implementation = Culture Change

- The content of I-PASS was the easy part!
- Change is hard, even if everyone wants to change



Implementation = Culture Change

- Doing it right requires:
 - Hospital leadership support
 - Champions
 - Stakeholder input
 - Time and patienceit cannot be done in a few months
 - Commitment to make the change real.... a three hour workshop and a mnemonic are not enough
 - Improvement cycles
 - Willingness to tailor to local needs



"What if we don't change at all ... and something magical just happens?"

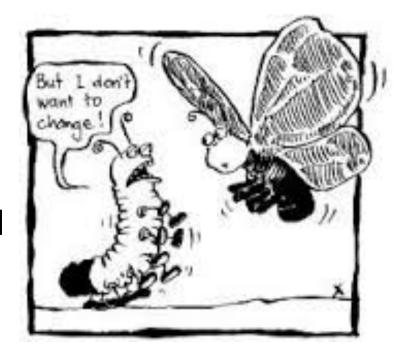


Look, I can't promise I'll change, but I can promise I'll pretend to change.

Changing Culture Is Not Easy

- Behavior change takes a long time
- Need to sustain the effort
 - Repeat curriculum for new learners
 - Continue observations and tracking adherence

Feedback is essential





- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Needs Assessment

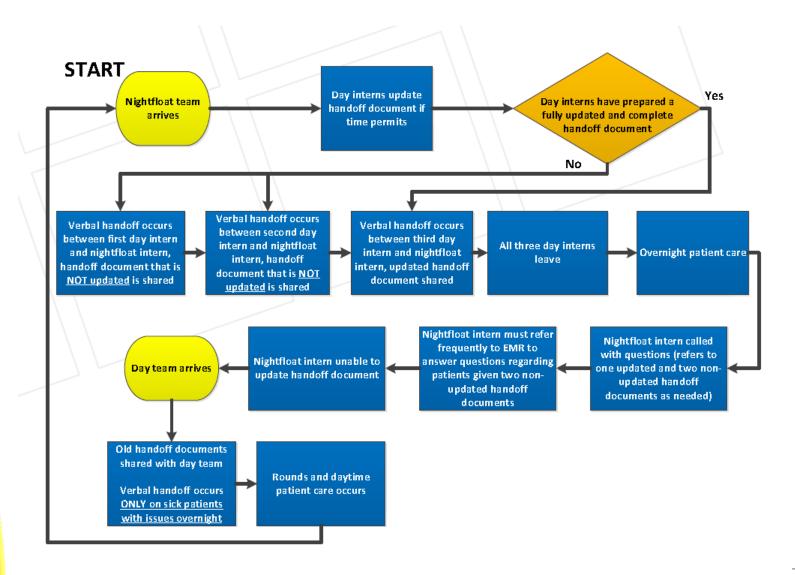
- Completion of a needs assessment activity offers insight into current handoff practices and critical areas of vulnerability
- Best conducted as a collaborative effort including Front-line providers, I-PASS Champions and other key stakeholders
- Documentation of discussion strongly encouraged



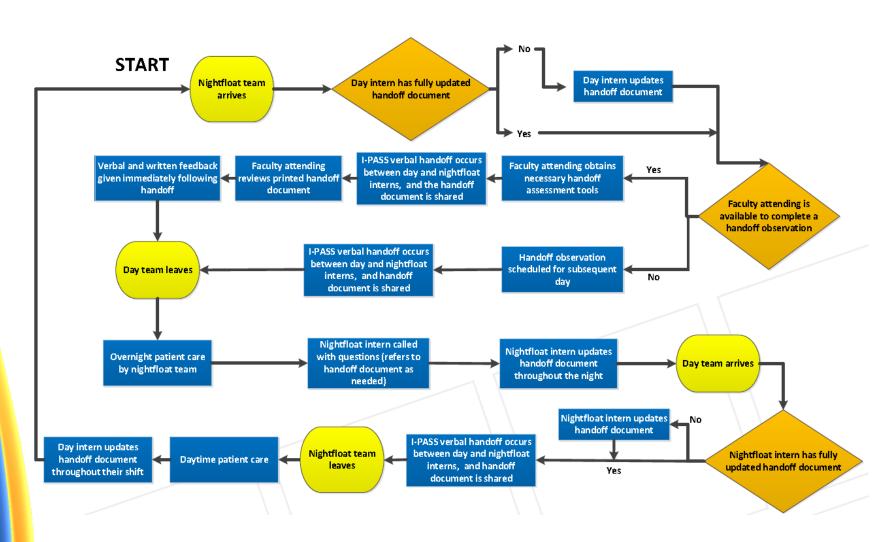
Needs Assessment: Key Domains

- Inventory of all handoff types on unit of focus
 - Time of day
 - Team members involved
 - Type of information exchanged
 - Census
- Describe patterns of information exchange for verbal and written handoffs
- Discuss anticipated options and barriers for implementation

Process Mapping: Current State



Process Mapping: Ideal State



- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt IPASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Adapting IPASS and/or the Local Environment

- Sometimes
 modifications of the
 local environment are
 necessary in order to
 incorporate all
 components of the
 handoff program
- Sometimes elements
 of I-PASS need to be
 modified or adapted to
 fit the needs of a local
 environment



Adaptation of I-PASS: Guiding Principles

- Keep the I-PASS mnemonic intact
- Retain training on general principles of high functioning teams
- Engage Champions and Frontline providers to ensure consensus is achieved
- Reinforce handoff skills through direct observation
- Refine implementation using PDSA cycles



- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Determining Implementation Scope

- Define short-term and long-term scope of I-PASS Implementation efforts
- Recommendation: start small!
 - Small scale local wins are more likely to spread
 - Serial testing and learning on a small scale makes broad scale implementation more manageable
- Select units in the short-term that are on board and include early adopters







- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

I-PASS Communication Plan

- Timely and effective communication critical
 - Raise awareness about anticipated changes
 - Assists adopters transition from awareness to conscious decision to change behaviors
- Ensure all stakeholders aware of key timelines, particularly if impacts workflow



Sample I-PASS Communication Plan

Stakeholder	Communication Goal	Information to Communicate	Timing of Communications	Communication Method
Advisory Board	Continued support from Advisory Board Members	Handoff Team progress	Quarterly (July 1, Oct 1, Jan 1, Apr 1)	Initial Meeting and formal presentation by Handoff Team Leads; subsequent quarterly email updates
Front-line providers	Gather input from front line providers for revision of written tool	Timeline for implementation Current written tool and ideal written tool	During scheduled Morning Report Conference April 15	Education Working Group meeting with Frontline Providers
Faculty on call for pilot unit	Ensure on call faculty for go- live month aware of pilot and observations required for data collection and evaluation of handoffs	Logistics for data collection and observations	2 weeks prior to go-live (on June 1); Reminder communication on go-live date and as needed	Email
Administration	Secure resources	Resources needed for I-PASS campaign material, internal website advertisement, available funding, food incentives, consultative services	Ongoing (at least 1 month prior to event date or date material is needed)	Face-to-face
Inpatient unit nurses for pilot unit	Develop strategies for IPASS campaign Garner nursing staff support	Placement of I-PASS campaign material, bulletins, rewards for small accomplishments and incentives (food, etc.) in patient care areas and report station;	Next nursing staff meeting April 13 th	In person as well as in person meeting prior to staff meeting with nurse manager
Front Line Providers	Praise and Encouragement to continue I-PASS pilot	Thank you message, encouragement message	June 15 go live July 30 August 30	Email
I-PASS Mentors	Continued consultation services	Pilot progress	At each phase of implementation or as needed Next call March 30	Teleconference and email

Sample I-PASS Communication Plan

Stakeholder	Communication	Information to	Timing of	Communication
	Goal	Communicate	Communications	Method
Advisory Board	Continued support	Handoff Team	Quarterly (July 1,	Initial Meeting and
	from Advisory Board	progress	Oct 1, Jan 1, Apr 1)	formal
	Members			presentation by
				Handoff Team
				Leads ; subsequent
				quarterly email
				updates
Front-line	Gather input from	Timeline for	During scheduled	Education Working
providers	front line providers for	implementation	Morning Report	Group meeting
	revision of written tool	Current written	Conference	with Frontline
		tool and ideal	April 15	Providers
		written tool		

- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Data is Critical

- Data collection, analysis, and feedback to team members: Critical to I-PASS implementation
- Performance measures should
 - Map back to aims of implementation
 - Address areas of critical vulnerability and challenges
 - Track performance longitudinally
 - Actually be collected!
 - Logistics, accountability, and process are critical

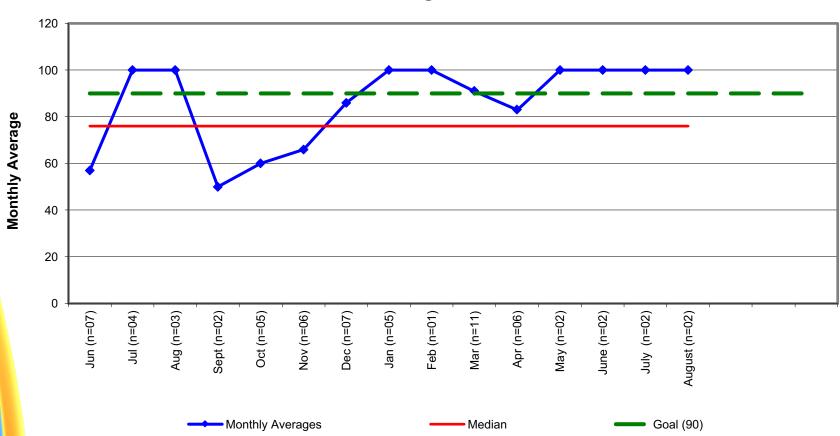


Analysis and Interpretation of Data: Run Charts

- Run charts offer several advantages over prepost- summary data
 - Visual representation of what's working (or not)
 - Regular review of impact of different aspects of interventions as they occur
- Recommendations:
 - Regular review of data on a monthly basis with key I-PASS Champions for PDSA development
 - Regularly scheduled sessions to review data with Front-line Providers
 - Posting of data in shared areas

Sample I-PASS Run Chart

Percent of Residents Adhering to 5 Elements of I-PASS Mnemonic



Establishing Key Outcome Metrics

- Once goals and timeline are in place, need to decide how to measure attainment
- Collecting data is critical
 - Are we headed in the right direction?
 - How do our strategies need to be adjusted in order to achieve our goals
- List of metrics should be balanced in order to understand how all aspects of I-PASS Handoff Bundle implementation are going
 - Structure, Process, Outcomes, Balancing measures



Potential Outcome Metrics

Training Penetrance

- Percent of Front-line Providers trained
- Percent of I-PASS Champions trained

Verbal Handoffs

- Assessment of adherence with the standardized I-PASS format for the giver of the handoff
- Rates of faculty-documented miscommunications for the giver of the handoff
- Assessment of the engagement of the receiver of the handoff

Printed Handoff Tool

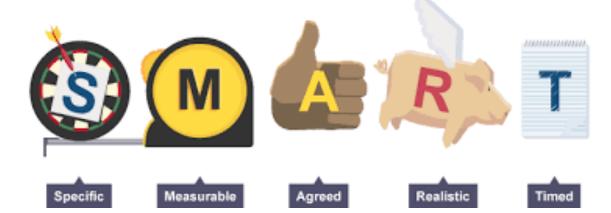
- Assessment of adherence with the standardized I-PASS format
- Assessment of frequency of miscommunications

Provider Experience Surveys

- Perception of the quality of verbal and written handoffs
- Perceived frequency of handoff related medical errors
- Frequency of observations

Turning Goals and Metrics into Specific Aims

- Specific aims offer clear direction by including original goals, a clear timeline, and measures
- Aims should be SMART
 - Specific, Measurable, Achievable (and Aggressive),
 Realistic (and Relevant), and Time-bound
- Example specific aim:
 - Within the next 12 months, 80% of verbal handoff sessions for the giver will usually or always include each element of the I-PASS mnemonic



Developing a Data Collection and Reporting Plan

- Collect minimum of 2 months of baseline data prior to finalization of measures
- Once measures finalized, establish ongoing data collection and reporting routine for each measure

Measure (with operational definition)	Who collects the data?	Collection frequency	How is it reported to I-PASS champions and front-line providers	Who reports it?	How often is it reported?	Notes
Verbal handoff I-PASS mnemonic adherence						
Written handoff mnemonic adherence						
Other selected metrics						

Ongoing Iterative Improvement Cycles

PDSA#2

- Regular review of data should include development of PDSA cycles for improvement
 - los ciclos PHVA (Planificar, Hacer, Verificar y Actuar)

SHM I-PASS Mentored Implementation Program Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) Worksheet

Team/working group: Education Working

Date of test: 6/30/15

	doff observation and feedback, mea			
	al or written feedback for two or mo	re observations after giving	nandoff (item 31, I-PASS Hand	doff Program Survey)
Describe this tes				
	y email communication to I-PASS C		ing data:	
	r of handoff observations completed			
	r of handoff observations each Fron			
	npion with the MOST observations			
vno will be resp	onsible for oversight of this test?	Jane Doe		
low long will the	e test run for? 1 month			
Where the test w	ill be executed? Study unit and te	am (4 North and general me	dicine innatient team #1)	
mere the test w	mil be executed? Study unit and te	am (4 North and general me	uicine inpatient team #1)	
		PLAN		
		PLAN		
Predict what will	happen when this test is carried			
	happen when this test is carried provider will have at least TWO verb	out:	vations completed by the end	of the month long test of
		out:	vations completed by the end	of the month long test of
very Front-line F		out:	vations completed by the end	of the month long test of
very Front-line F hange.		out: al and written handoff obser	vations completed by the end	of the month long test of
very Front-line F hange. Vhat measures	Provider will have at least TWO verb	out: al and written handoff obser essful:	contract from Augustion 2 June 1	of the month long test of
very Front-line F hange. Vhat measures The number of ve	Provider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succerbal and written handoff observation	out: al and written handoff obser essful: is each Front-line Providers	received.	
very Front-line F hange. Vhat measures the number of ve	provider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succerbal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of	out: al and written handoff obser essful:	contract from Augustion 2 June 1	of the month long test of Where to be done
every Front-line F hange. What measures the number of ve List the tasks n	Provider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succirbal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of change	out: al and written handoff obser essful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible	received. When to be done	
very Front-line F hange. That measures the number of vec- list the tasks not a collate we	provider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succerbal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of	out: al and written handoff obser essful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible	received.	Where to be done
very Front-line F hange. What measures the number of very list the tasks not the task	orovider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succeptal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of change eekly data on the number of handoff	out: al and written handoff obser essful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible	received. When to be done Weekly during test of	Where to be done
What measures the number of ve List the tasks not collected we observation Create an	vill indicate that this test is succeptal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of change ekity data on the number of handoff osservation and the change when the change ekity data on the number of handoff ons occurring	out: al and written handoff obser essful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible	received. When to be done Weekly during test of	Where to be done
very Front-line Fhange. What measures the number of very fine tasks not collate we observation. Collate we observation. Create an Champion	orovider will have at least TWO verb will indicate that this test is succ rbal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of change ektly data on the number of handoff so occurring d send weekly email to all s detailing number of handoff	out: al and written handoff obser possful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible Jane Doe	When to be done Weekly during test of change	Where to be done
wery Front-line F hange. What measures the number of verification of verification of the control of the contro	vill indicate that this test is succeptal and written handoff observation ecessary to complete this test of change ekity data on the number of handoff osservation and the change when the change ekity data on the number of handoff ons occurring	out: al and written handoff obser possful: is each Front-line Providers Person responsible Jane Doe	When to be done Weekly during test of change Weekly during test of	Where to be done

Describe what happened when you ran this test:

At the conclusion of this month-long test 82% of Front-line Providers had received TWO verbal and written handoff observations. Weekly emails were sent out as scheduled and I-PASS Champions completed an average of three observations during the month

Describe the measured results and how they compared to the prediction above:

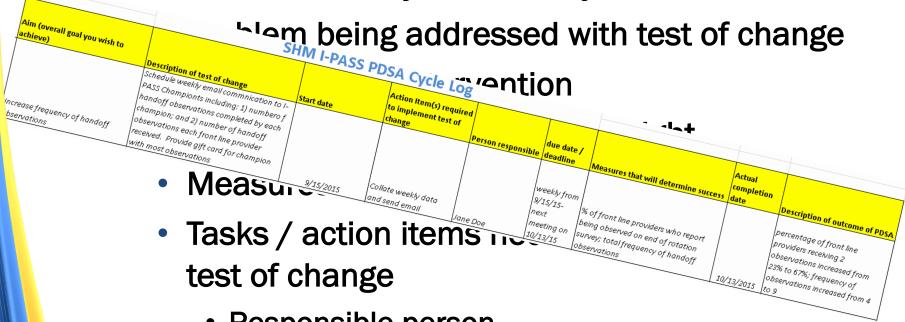
The percentage of Front-line Providers receiving TWO verbal and written handoff observations during the month-long test went from 56% to 82%. The average number of handoff observations completed by I-PASS Champions increased from two to three per month

Describe what modifications to the plan will be made for the next cycle based upon what you learned:

We learned that that regular communication of handoff observation data reminded faculty to complete observations and increased the frequency at which Front-line Providers received feedback on their handoff communication

PDSA / "PHVA" Cycle Log

For each PDSA cycle, identify:



- Responsible person
- Timeframe for completion / deadline
- Outcome

- 1. Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Planning for Implementation

 Documentation of a timeline for implementation of all key I-PASS Bundle elements is critical



- Establish Institutional Support and Ensure Team Organization
- 2. Assess the Local Environment
- 3. Consider Need to Adapt I-PASS and/or the Local Environment
- 4. Determine Implementation Scope
- 5. Develop a Communication Plan
- 6. Ensure Ongoing Data Collection and Iterative Improvement Cycles
- 7. Plan for Implementation

Final Step (lo más importante!!): Celebrate Success!





Take Home Points

- High frequency of communication and handoff errors
- I-PASS Handoff Bundle → decreased rates of medical errors and adverse events
- Teamwork, planning, and anticipation of resistance to change are key components of successful handoff improvement efforts





Acknowledgements I-PASS Study Group





Better handoffs.

Safer care.

Any Questions?

amy.starmer@childrens.harvard.edu

www.ipasshandoffstudy.com